#### Hons practical MC 4

### **GROUPS:**

#### 1A

- Anina Rademeyer
- Craig October
- Linique Mc Callum

### 2B

- Molatelo Peter
- Karli Bothma
- Hylton Gibson

#### 3C

- Carmen de Villiers
- Bianca Nilson
- Ankia Visser

#### 4D

- Melissa De Lilly
- Lee-Maine Spies
- Jessica Reid

# ABOUT THE PRAC:

### (1) Characterise the enzyme:



- Elanda Relling
- Tyron Nel
- Christopher Borrageiro

### 6B

- Andy van der Berg
- Claire du Plessis
- Sandisiwe Matyesini

#### 7C

- Lieke Dale
- Amy Hare
- Sarah Kellow-Web

### 8D

- Nicolaas Grobler
- Aqilah Benjamin
- Aneliswe Ngcobo



### (2) The experiments:

### **GROUP A**

- Reverse direction
- Varying [NAD<sup>+</sup>]
  - Same [Lac] +[LDH] + [Hydrazine]

### **GROUP B**

- Reverse direction
- Varying [ Lac]
- Same  $[NAD^+] + [LDH] + [Hydrazine]$

# GROUP C

- Forward direction
- Varying [NADH]
- Same [Pyr] +[LDH]

# GROUP D

- Forward direction
- Varying [Pyr]
- Same [NADH] +[LDH]

## **GROUP** A

- Product Inhibition: NADH
- Varying [NADH]
- Same [Lac] +[NAD<sup>+</sup>] + [LDH] + [Hydrazine]

### **GROUP B**

- Without Hydrazine
- Varying [ Lac]
- Same  $[NAD^{\dagger}] + [LDH]$

# GROUP C

- Product Inhibition: NAD<sup>+</sup>
- Varying [NAD<sup>+</sup>]
- Same [Pyr] +[NADH]+[LDH]

## **GROUP D**

- Product Inhibition: Lac
- Varying [Lac]
- Same [NADH] + [Pyr]+[LDH]

# (3) An enzyme assay:

a- Pipette metabolites into the cuvettes, the reaction is initiated by the addition of the enzyme.

b- Once the enzyme is added measure the absorbance readings for the reaction over a period of 3mins.

c- The types of data we expect to see- Forward reaction: decreasing Abs; Reverse reaction: increasing Abs

# (4) What needs to be done:

# <u>Create a pipetting schema so that we investigate 10 different concentrations around the Km values. Take the</u> <u>following into consideration:</u>

a- Given :

Km	Stock concentrations
Km(NADH) = 0.05 mM	[NADH] = 1.5 mM
$Km(NAD^{+}) = 0.4 mM$	[NAD] = 5 mM
Km(Pyr) = 0.5 mM	[Pyr] = 10 mM
Km(Lac) = 10 mM	[Lac] = 1 M

HYDRAZINE is given at a 10X dilution of bottle concentration b- Volumes:

- The total cuvette volume is 1 ml and of that you use 10 μl of the enzyme (LDH) and if you are doing **reverse direction experiments (only)** 35 μl is the Hydrazine.
- The other volumes are of the substrate and co-factor which you calculated in the pipetting schema.
- Lastly, the remaining volume to make up this 1 ml volume is done by adding buffer to the cocktail mixture.

c- How to determine the 10 concentrations:

- The range you want to investigate is between: [Km/10; Km) and (Km; 10Km] and the fixed substrates are usually at saturating condition ie. 10xKm. Use Excel to create an incremental pipetting schema.

### (5) The Program:

<b>14/03: Wednesday</b> Morning: Practical theory and pipetting schema	<b>15/03 Thursday:</b> Morning: 09H30 Research lecture	<b>16/03 Friday:</b> Morning: Group 1-4 (second set of experiments)
Afternoon: Group 1-4 (first set of experiments)	Mid Morning: Group 5-8 (first set of experiments)	Afternoon: Group 5-8 (second set of experiments)

19/03 Monday:	20/03 Tuesday:	21/03 Wednesday:
Redo experiments	Morning: Data analysis	Human rights day
Afternoon: Data analysis	Afternoon: Seminar	
22/03 Thursday:	23/03 Friday:	26/03 Monday:
Lecture (9:30)	Data analysis	Hand in report (16:00)
Data analysis (10:30)		